

1. Cén bhliain ar rugadh tú?
Rugadh mé i ...
naoi déag ochtó a cúig
naoi déag seasca a naoi
dhá mhíle is a ceathair
What year were you born?
I was born in ...
nineteen eighty five
nineteen sixty nine
two thousand and four

2. Cén bhliain a fuair Dónall Ó Conaill bás?
Fuair sé bás in ocht déag daichead a seacht.
What year did Daniel O'Connell die?
He died in eighteen forty seven.

3. 11 – aon déag
12 – dó dhéag
13 – trí déag
14 – ceathair déag
15 – cúig déag
16 – sé déag
17 – seacht déag
18 – ocht déag
19 – naoi déag
20 – fiche
21 – fiche a haon
30 – tríocha
40 – daichead
50 – caoga
60 – seasca
70 – seachtó
80 – ochtó
90 – nócha
1607 – sé déag is a seacht
1798 – seacht déag nócha a hocht
1848 – ocht déag daichead a hocht
1916 – naoi déag sé déag
1922 – naoi déag fiche a dó
1948 – naoi déag daichead a hocht
1998 – naoi déag nócha a hocht
2023 – dhá mhíle fiche a trí
Flight of the Earls
Rebellion of 1798 (United Irishmen)
Young Ireland Rebellion
Easter Rising
Irish Free State
Republic of Ireland
Good Friday Agreement
This Year

4. Cén bhliain ar rugadh ... ?
d'athair / do mháthair
do mhac / d'iníon
do dhearthair / do dheirfiúir
do chat / do mhadra
Rugadh é sa bhliain ...
Rugadh í sa bhliain ...
What year was ... born?
your father / your mother
your son / your daughter
your brother / your sister
your cat / your dog
He was born in ...
She was born in ...

Cén bhliain a cheannaigh tú do charr?
Cén bhliain a thosaigh tú ar scoil?
Cén bhliain a chríochnaigh tú an scoil?
Cén bhliain a phós tú?
What year did you buy your car?
What year did you start school?
What year did you finish school?
What year did you marry?

Mo Chlann Fhiáin 1 (cuid a haon)

1. Fáilte! Seo iad na heachtraí a bhíonn ag Mo Chlann Fhiáin.
2. Is síota óg mé.
3. Tá mé trí mhí d'aois.
4. Tá go leor deartháireacha agus deirfiúracha agam.
5. Cónaíonn muid lenár maim.
6. Tugann sí aire dhúinn léi féin.
7. Ach ní bhíonn ár ndaíde rófhada uainn ariamh.
8. Breathnaíonn sé chomh hálainn is atá maim.
9. Tá sí an-tanaí agus aclaí.
10. 'Siad síotaí na hainmhithe is sciobtha ar thalamh.
11. Tá siad in ann rith ag céad ciliméadar san uair.
12. Ritheann síotaí le breith ar bhia.
13. Mar sin, tá sé tábhachtach go mbeadh neart spáis againn le fiach.
14. Sin an fáth go bhfuil cónaí orainn ar sabhána na hAfraice.
15. Ní mórán crainn atá ann agus tá neart spáis le rith.
16. Sula dtéann maim ag fiach, faigheann sí áit iontach dúinn le dul i bhfolach le nach n-aimseodh aon ainmhí eile muid.
17. Bíonn orainn fanacht an-socair.
18. Cabhraíonn ár spotaí linn fanacht i bhfolach san fhéar agus sceacha.

Ceisteanna

1. Cén saghas ainmhí atá ag caint?
2. Cén aois é?
3. An bhfuil sé mall nó tapadh?
4. Cad a dhéanann maim sula dtéann sí ag fiach?
5. An bhfaca tú an t-ainmhí seo riamh?

My Wild Family 1 (part one)

- Welcome! These are the adventures that My Wild Family has.
- I'm a young cheetah.
- I'm three months old.
- I have a lot of brothers and sisters.
- We live with our mom.
- She takes care of us by herself.
- But our dad is never far from us.
- He looks as pretty as mom.
- She is very thin and athletic.
- Cheetahs are the fastest animals on land.
- They can run one hundred kilometers an hour.
- Cheetahs run to catch food.
- So, it is important for us to have lots of space to hunt.
- This is why on the African savannah.
- There aren't many trees there and there is lots of space to run.
- Before mom goes hunting, she finds a wonderful place for us to hide so that no other animal can find us.
- We have to stay very still.
- Our spots help us to remain hidden in the grass and thorn bushes.

Questions

- What kind of animal is talking?
- How old is it?
- Is it slow or fast?
- What does mom do before she goes hunting?
- Did you ever see this animal?

Amelia Earhart – le David Lowe

1. Rugadh Amelia Earhart in Kansas, S.A.M., in 1897 (ocht déag nócha a seacht).
2. Ón chéad lá, bhí sí neamhspleách.
3. Bhí sí lúfar agus go hiomlán gan eagla agus bhain sí sult as an spórt dúshlánach.
4. D'oibrigh athair Amelia don iarnród.
5. Níor fhan an teaghlach in aon áit amháin rófhada nó bhog a hathair go minic go dtí post nua i mbaile nua.
6. Blianta ina dhiaidh sin dúirt Amelia nach raibh sí ábalta fanacht in aon áit amháin de thairbhe gur bhog sí thart an oiread sin nuair a bhí sí ina páiste.
7. Le linn Gheimhreadh 1917-1918 (naoi déag seacht déag go naoi déag ocht déag), thug Amelia cuairt ar a deirfiúr in Toronto, Canada.
8. Bhí an Chéad Chogadh Domhanda ar siúl san Eoraip, agus chonaic Amelia go leor saighdiúirí gortaithe.
9. Chuir sé seo isteach go mór uirthi agus rinne sí cúrsa gairid sa leigheas.
10. D'oibrigh sí mar chúntóir in otharlann in Toronto.
11. Agus í in Toronto thug Amelia cuairt ar aerpháirc.
12. An geimhreadh a bhí ann agus bhí sneachta ar an talamh.
13. Sheas Amelia ag amharc ar an sioc ag titim de na heitleáin.
14. Shamhlaigh sí í féin ag eitilt san aer.
15. Ón bhomaite sin amach, shocraigh sí go mbeadh sí ag eitilt in eitleán.

Amelia Earhart – by David Lowe

Amelia Earhart was born in Kansas, USA, in 1897.

From the first day, she was independent.

She was athletic and completely without fear and she enjoyed challenging sports.

Amelia's father worked for the railroad.

The family did not stay in any one place too long, because her father often moved to a new job in a new town.

Years after that, Amelia said that she wasn't able to stay in any one place because she moved around so much when she was a child.

During the winter of 1917-1918, Amelia visited her sister in Toronto, Canada.

World War One was going on in Europe and Amelia saw a lot of wounded soldiers.

This affected her greatly and she did a short course in medicine.

She worked as an assistant in a hospital in Toronto.

While she was in Toronto, Amelia visited an airfield.

It was winter and there was snow on the ground.

Amelia stood looking at the frost falling from the airplanes.

She imagined herself flying in the air.

From that moment on, she decided that she would be flying in an airplane.